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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/966,893	09/28/2001	Alessandra D'Azzo	SJ-01-0020	4347
28258	7590 12/02/2003		EXAMINER	
	HILDREN'S RESEARC	FRONDA, CHRISTIAN L		
OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY LICENSING 332 N. LAUDERDALE MEMPHIS, TN 38105			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1652	

DATE MAILED: 12/02/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Advisory Action	09/966,893	D'AZZO ET AL.				
Advisory Action	Examin r	Art Unit				
	Christian L Fronda	1652				
Th MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cov r sh et with the correspondence address						
THE REPLY FILED 05 September 2003 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to avoid abandonment of this application. A proper reply to a final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1) a timely filed amendment which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee); or (3) a timely filed Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.						
PERIOD FOR RE	PLY [check either a) or b)]					
a) The period for reply expires 6_months from the mailing date of b)  The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Adv event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later the ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS 706.07(f).  Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The dathave been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extensions of the status of the shortened (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three moteraned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	isory Action, or (2) the date set forth in th an SIX MONTHS from the mailing date o FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF TH te on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1 sion and the corresponding amount of the I statutory period for reply originally set in	f the final rejection.  E FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP  136(a) and the appropriate extension fee fee. The appropriate extension fee under the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in				
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on <u>05 September 2003</u> . Appellant's Brief must be filed within the period set forth in 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 1.191(d)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal.						
2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered because:						
(a) Methey raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);						
(b) they raise the issue of new matter (see Note below);						
<ul><li>(c) they are not deemed to place the application issues for appeal; and/or</li></ul>	in better form for appeal by mat	erially reducing or simplifying the				
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.						
NOTE: See Continuation Sheet.						
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):						
4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s).						
5. The a) affidavit, b) exhibit, or c) request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:						
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered be raised by the Examiner in the final rejection.	cause it is not directed SOLELY	to issues which were newly				
7.⊠ For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment(s) a)⊠ will not be entered or b)☐ will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.						
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:						
Claim(s) allowed:						
Claim(s) objected to:						
Claim(s) rejected: 8-13						
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: 1-7 and 14	<u>1-20</u> .					
3.⊠ The drawing correction filed on <u>9/28/2001</u> is a)⊠ approved or b)□ disapproved by the Examiner.						
Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s)( PTO-1449) Paper No(s)						
10. Other:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

Continuation of 2. NOTE: Claims 8-10 are objected to because they recite non-elected subject matter. Applicants are required to cancel the claims or amend the claims to recite the elected subject matter of protectiv protein/cathepsin A (PPCA) and Galactosialidosis. Each of the diseases and enzymes or proteins are patentably distinct and independent and each disease has different etiologies. A search of all the inventions in the patent literature and the non-patent literature cannot be made without serious burden because the inventions require separate searches that have different limits, boundaries, scope, and subject matter.

Claims 8-13 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, for reasons of record as supplement id below as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Applicants have failed to sufficiently describe the claimed invention, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms that a skilled artisan would recognize Applicants were in possession of the claimed invention since there is no written description provide by the specification that indicates that any lysosomal disease/disorder of any etiology can be treated by any of the recited proteins/enzymes. The specification does not provide a written description of administering any of the recited proteins/enzymes to treat any lysosomal storage disorder given that each of the diseases listed in Table 1 of the specification have different etiologies based on the various enzyme/proteins deficiencies.

Claim 8-13 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, for the reasons of record as supplemented below because the specification, while being enabling for composition comprising a protective protein/cathepsin A (PPCA) protein useful for treating Galactosialidosis, does not reasonably provide enablement for any other embodiment. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

The standard for meeting the enablement requirement is whether one of skill in the art can make or use the invention without undue experimentation. The amount of experimentation to make the claimed composition is enormous and undue and entails determining whether a particular disease is a lysosomal storage disorder disease, determining the etiology of the disease, formulating a composition using PPCA to treat or cure the disease, and determining whether the composition is able to treat or cure the patient without harming the patient.

Since such experimentation is not routine in the art, where the expectation of obtaining any pharmaceutical composition comprising PPCA which can be used to treat any patient having any lysosomal storage disorder is unpredictable, the Examiner finds that one skilled in the art would require additional guidance, such as information regarding the a specific composition which is effective in treating a patient having any lysosomal storage disease and in vivo experiments showing that the composition is able to treat or cure the patient without harming the patient. Without such a guidance, the experimentation left to those skilled in the art is undue.

Claims 8-13 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Sharp (WO 00/39150) for reasons of record as supplemented below. The Sharp publication has been attached to the previous Office Action. The teachings of Sharp have been stated in the previous Office Action.

The claims do not recite specific post translational modifications or specific structural properties which distinguish the claimed invention from the composition taught by Sharp. Applicant must show an unobvious difference between the claimed invention and the composition taught by Sharp because determination of patentability is based on the product itself and patentability of a product do s not depend on its method of production. Thus, the teachings of Sharp anticipate the claimed invention.

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